

SCB SELECTS EQUITY FUND

**Dividend
SCBSE**

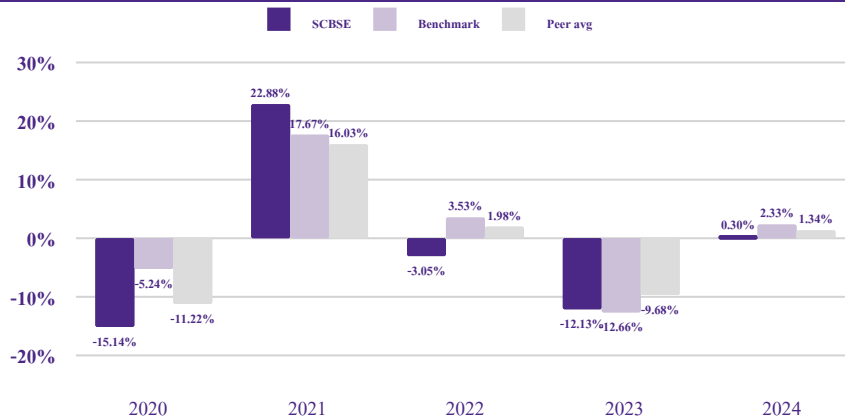
Fund Type / Peer Group

- Fund type: Equity Fund/Cross Investing Fund/Fund that invests without foreign investment risk
- AIMC category: Equity Large Cap

Investment Policy and Strategy

- The Fund invests in equities on average in a fiscal year at least 80% of the NAV by mainly investing in stocks listed in the Stock Exchange of Thailand in the amount of not exceeding 30 securities. The Fund may invest in investment units of mutual funds or property funds (Type 1) or REITs or infra funds under management of SCBAM not exceeding 100% of NAV.
- The Fund may consider investing in derivatives for purposes of enhancing the efficiency of portfolio management and/or hedging.
- Fund's management strategy: The Fund aims to achieve performance higher than the benchmark (Active Management).

Past Performance and Benchmark for the Past 5 Calendar Years (% p.a.)



Remark: In the year the Fund was registered, the performance will be shown from the date of registration of the Fund until the end of calendar year.

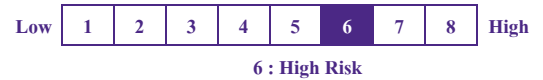
Pin-Back Performance

	YTD	3 Mths	6 Mths	1 Yr ¹	3 Yrs ¹	5 Yrs ¹	10 Yrs ¹	Since Inception ¹
SCBSE	-18.76	-18.76	-22.48	-16.22	-11.16	0.22	0.15	3.70
Benchmark	-16.15	-16.15	-18.78	-12.79	-9.07	3.72	0.52	4.30
Average in the same group ²	-14.41	-14.41	-17.79	-11.40	-8.03	2.92	-0.53	N/A
Portfolio SD	9.21	9.21	11.25	14.81	12.79	14.57	15.25	16.49
Benchmark SD	8.42	8.42	10.13	13.36	11.92	13.81	14.58	15.48

Remark: ¹ % per year

² Average in the same group according to the AIMC category of mutual funds

Risk Spectrum



Invest on average over a year no less than 80% of NAV mainly in equity instruments.

Fund Facts

Inception Date	28 June 2011
Share class launch date	28 June 2011
Dividend payment policy	Yes
Fund Maturity	None

Fund Manager

Mr.Nutdanai Prathanpornthip	13 May 2013
Mr.Somwang Chiratdhitiamphyvong	28 November 2011

Benchmark

SET Total Return Index (SET TRI) 100% Since the Fund mainly invests in stocks listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

Notice

- Investment in mutual funds is not a money deposit.
- Past performance of the fund is not a guarantee for future performance.

Certified by the CAC (Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action)

Coalition Against Corruption: CAC

Prospectus



Investors can study liquidity risk management tools in the Prospectus.

www.scbam.com

Subscription		Redemption		Statistical data		
Subscription Date:	Every trading day	Redemption Date:	Every trading day	Maximum Drawdown	-31.41%	
Office Hours:	From business opening time - 15.30 hrs. SCB EASY APP from business opening time - 16.00 hrs.	Office Hours:	From business opening time - 15.30 hrs. SCB EASY APP from business opening time - 16.00 hrs.	Recovering Peroid	N/A	
Minimum Initial Subscription:	1 Baht	Minimum Redemption:	1 Baht	FX Hedging	-	
Minimum Subsequent Subscription:	1 Baht	Minimum Balance:	1 Baht	Portfolio Turnover	2.86	
		Period of Payment:	T+2 (Settlement within 2 tradings day after redemption date)	Sharpe ratio	-0.95	
			(The Management Company reserves the right to change the settlement period, which will not exceed 5 business days from the redemption date.)	Alpha	-2.01%	
				Beta	1.01	
				Tracking Error	-	
Fees Collected from the Fund (%p.a. of NAV) (included of VAT)				Sector Allocation		
				Sector		% NAV
				ENERGY		24.93
				COMMUNICATION		18.28
				BANKING		14.64
				HEALTH		9.37
				COMMERCE		8.23
				Other		25.47

Definition

Maximum Drawdown refers to the highest percentage loss of the fund over the past 5 years (or since inception if the fund has been established for less than 5 years). It is calculated from the highest unit value to the lowest unit value during the period that the unit value is declining. The Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of the risk of loss from investing in the fund.

Recovering Period is used to give investors an idea of how long it will take from the time of maximum loss of the fund to the recovery of initial investment.

FX Hedging refers to the percentage of investments denominated in foreign currency that are hedged against exchange rate risk.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) indicates the trading frequency of securities in the investment portfolio of the fund over a given period. It is calculated by taking the lower value between the total amount of new securities purchased and the total amount of securities sold over the past 1 year, divided by the average NAV of the same period. The fund with high PTR reflects frequent trading by the fund manager which leads to high trading costs. Investors should compare this data with the fund performance in order to evaluate the worthiness of such trading strategy.

Sharpe Ratio is the ratio between the excess return of the fund and the investment risk. It is calculated from the difference between the investment return of the fund and the risk-free rate of return divided by the investment risk. The Sharpe Ratio reflects how much returns the fund will receive to offset the investment risk of the fund. The fund with a higher Sharpe Ratio means that it is managed more efficiently because it generates higher excess returns given the same level of investment risk.

Alpha is the excess return of the fund relative to the return of its corresponding benchmark. A high alpha indicates that the fund generates higher return than its benchmark which is resulted from the efficiency of the fund manager in securities selection or determining the right timing for investment.

Beta is a measure of the returns of securities in the portfolio in relation to the market as a whole. A beta of less than 1 indicates that the returns of the fund's portfolio are less volatile than the overall market. On the other hand, a beta of greater than 1 indicates that the returns on the portfolio are more volatile than the market return.

Tracking Error The rate of return of the fund has the efficiency to replicate the corresponding benchmark. If the tracking error is low, it implies that the fund is able to generate similar returns to its benchmark efficiently. The fund with high tracking error will have an average rate of return that is more deviated from the benchmark.

Yield to Maturity (YTM) is the rate of return for investing in a debt instrument assuming that the investor holds the asset until its maturity date. It is calculated from the coupon payments to be earned by the investor over the remaining term of the instrument plus the face value due at maturity which are discounted to a present value. YTM is used to measure the rate of return of a fixed income fund which is based on the weighted average YTM of each debt instrument in the portfolio of the fund. As YTM is expressed as an annual percentage rate, it can be used for performance comparison among the fixed income funds with a 'buy and hold' investment strategy and similar investment characteristics.

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