

SCB Japan Small Cap Equity Fund

Individual/Group
SCBJPSMP

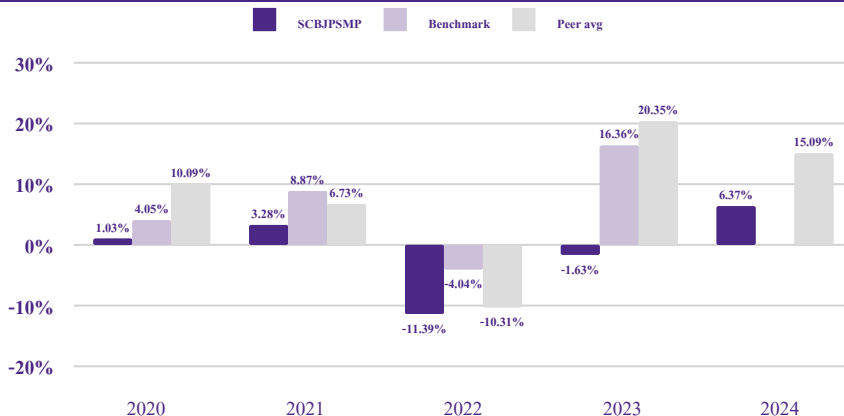
Fund Type / Peer Group

- Fund type: Equity Fund/Cross Investing Fund/Feeder Fund/Fund that focuses on investing with foreign investment risk
- AIMC category: Japan Equity

Investment Policy and Strategy

- The Fund mainly invests in investment units of Nomura Funds Ireland – Japan Small Cap Equity Fund (Master Fund) I share class in JPY currency. The Master Fund aims to achieve capital growth by investing primarily in shares of small cap companies traded or listed in Japan. The Fund may invest in investment units of mutual funds or property funds (Type 1) or REITs or infra funds under management of SCBAM not exceeding 100% of NAV. (Change of the Master Fund effective from 23 July 2024)
- Management company's name of the master fund: Bridge Fund Management Limited
- The Fund may consider investing in derivatives for purposes of enhancing the efficiency of portfolio management and/or hedging exchange rate risk which depends on fund manager's discretion.
- Fund's management strategy: The Fund has a passive management strategy aiming to achieve performance close to the Master Fund while the Master Fund has an active management strategy aiming to achieve performance higher than the benchmark.

Past Performance and Benchmark for the Past 5 Calendar Years (% p.a.)



Remark: In the year the Fund was registered, the performance will be shown from the date of registration of the Fund until the end of calendar year.

Pin-Back Performance

	YTD	3 Mths	6 Mths	1 Yr ¹	3 Yrs ¹	5 Yrs ¹	10 Yrs ¹	Since Inception ¹
SCBJPSMP	0.65	0.65	1.04	1.57	1.30	6.66	N/A	1.52
Benchmark	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Average in the same group ²	-3.82	-3.82	-0.52	-3.24	8.06	11.94	N/A	N/A
Portfolio SD	5.44	5.44	7.22	14.80	15.44	17.64	N/A	18.92
Benchmark SD	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Remark: ¹ % per year

² Average in the same group according to the AIMC category of mutual funds

Risk Spectrum



Invest on average over a year no less than 80% of NAV mainly in equity instruments.

Fund Facts

Inception Date	3 July 2018
Share class launch date	26 July 2019
Dividend payment policy	No
Fund Maturity	None
Fund Manager	
Mr.Vijak Na Chiengmai	9 April 2023
MissNarintra Tinnaratsakulchai	2 November 2021

Benchmark

None Since the Master Fund uses active management and has no benchmark, the Master Fund use Russell/Nomura Small Cap Index as reference index for performance comparison purposes only. Change of benchmark effective from 23 July 2024

Notice

- Investment in mutual funds is not a money deposit.
- Past performance of the fund is not a guarantee for future performance.

Certified by the CAC (Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action)

Coalition Against Corruption: CAC

Prospectus



Investors can study liquidity risk management tools in the Prospectus.

www.scbam.com

Subscription	Redemption
Subscription Date: Every trading day	Redemption Date: Every trading day
Office Hours: From business opening time - 15.30 hrs.	Office Hours: From business opening time - 15.30 hrs.
Minimum Initial Subscription: 1 Baht	Minimum Redemption: 1 Baht
Minimum Subsequent Subscription: 1 Baht	Minimum Balance: 1 Baht
	Period of Payment: T+4 (Settlement within 4 tradings day after redemption date)
	(The Management Company reserves the right to change the settlement period, which will not exceed 6 business days from the redemption date.)

Remark: Initially, the Management Company only provides services to provident fund and/or private funds under the management of the Management Company.

Fees Collected from the Fund (%p.a. of NAV) (included of VAT)		
Fees	Maximum not exceeding	Actual Charged
Management Fee	1.61	waived
Total Expense	2.14	0.12

Remark : - The Management Company may consider changing the actual charged fees to reflect its strategy or administrative costs.

Fees Collected from Unit holders (% of Trading Value) (included of VAT)		
Fees	Maximum not exceeding	Actual Charged
Front-end fee	3.21	waived
Back-end fee	3.21	waived
Switch In fee	3.21	waived
Switch Out fee	3.21	waived
Transfer fee	Baht 10 per 1,000 units	Baht 10 per 1,000 units

Remark: - The Management Company may consider changing the actual charged fees to reflect its strategy or administrative costs.

- Brokerage Fees for trading securities upon purchasing/selling/switching investment units shall not exceed 0.75% of investment unit value (waived).

Asset Allocation		Top 5 Holdings	
Asset	% NAV	Securities	% NAV
UNIT TRUST	98.29	NOMURA-JPA SMALL EQT-I JPY	98.29
CUSTODIAN BANK, TERM & SAVING DEPOSIT, CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	1.39	<u>A</u>	
DERIVATIVE	0.29		
OTHER ASSET	0.03		

Statistical data	
Maximum Drawdown	-29.96%
Recovering Peroid	N/A
FX Hedging	86.43%
Portfolio Turnover	1.15
Sharpe ratio	-
Alpha	-8.70%
Beta	0.74
Tracking Error	-

Top 5 Holdings of Master Fund	
Securities	% NAV
Sekisui Jushi Corporation	2.24
Shikoku Electric Power Company, Incorporated	2.19
Nakanishi Inc.	2.19
Central Automotive Products Ltd	2.18
Maruzen Co., Ltd.	2.12

Sector Allocation of Master Fund	
Sector	% NAV
Industrials	23.70
Consumer Discretionary	19.03
Information Technology	15.02
Materials	11.46
Financials	10.40
Other	17.72

Remark: Master fund data, as of 28 February 2025

Investment in any fund more than 20% of NAV

Fund Name: NOMURA-JPA SMALL EQT-I JPY A

ISIN code: IE00BJCW7C72

Bloomberg code: NOJSEFJ ID

Definition

Maximum Drawdown refers to the highest percentage loss of the fund over the past 5 years (or since inception if the fund has been established for less than 5 years). It is calculated from the highest unit value to the lowest unit value during the period that the unit value is declining. The Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of the risk of loss from investing in the fund.

Recovering Period is used to give investors an idea of how long it will take from the time of maximum loss of the fund to the recovery of initial investment.

FX Hedging refers to the percentage of investments denominated in foreign currency that are hedged against exchange rate risk.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) indicates the trading frequency of securities in the investment portfolio of the fund over a given period. It is calculated by taking the lower value between the total amount of new securities purchased and the total amount of securities sold over the past 1 year, divided by the average NAV of the same period. The fund with high PTR reflects frequent trading by the fund manager which leads to high trading costs. Investors should compare this data with the fund performance in order to evaluate the worthiness of such trading strategy.

Sharpe Ratio is the ratio between the excess return of the fund and the investment risk. It is calculated from the difference between the investment return of the fund and the risk-free rate of return divided of returns for the investment. The Sharpe Ratio reflects how much returns the fund will receive to offset the investment risk of the fund. The fund with a higher Sharpe Ratio means that it is managed more efficiently because it generates higher excess returns given the same level of investment risk.

Alpha is the excess return of the fund relative to the return of its corresponding benchmark. A high alpha indicates that the fund generates higher return than its benchmark which is resulted from the efficiency of the fund manager in securities selection or determining the right timing for investment.

Beta is a measure of the returns of securities in the portfolio in relation to the market as a whole. A beta of less than 1 indicates that the returns of the fund's portfolio are less volatile than the overall market. On the other hand, a beta of greater than 1 indicates that the returns on the portfolio are more volatile than the market return.

Tracking Error The rate of return of the fund has the efficiency to replicate the corresponding benchmark. If the tracking error is low, it implies that the fund is able to generate similar returns to its benchmark efficiently. The fund with high tracking error will have an average rate of return that is more deviated from the benchmark.

Yield to Maturity (YTM) is the rate of return for investing in a debt instrument assuming that the investor holds the asset until its maturity date. It is calculated from the coupon payments to be earned by the investor over the remaining term of the instrument plus the face value due at maturity which are discounted to a present value. YTM is used to measure the rate of return of a fixed income fund which is based on the weighted average YTM of each debt instrument in the portfolio of the fund. As YTM is expressed as an annual percentage rate, it can be used for performance comparison among the fixed income funds with a 'buy and hold' investment strategy and similar investment characteristics.

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