

SCB Asset Management Co.,Ltd.

SCB India Active Equity

Individual/Group SCBINDEQ(P)

Fund Type / Peer Group

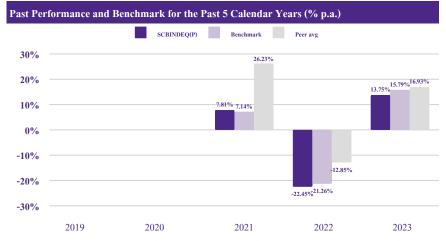
- Fund type: Equity Fund/Cross Investing Fund/Feeder Fund/Fund that focuses on investing with foreign investment risk
- AIMC category: India Equity

Investment Policy and Strategy

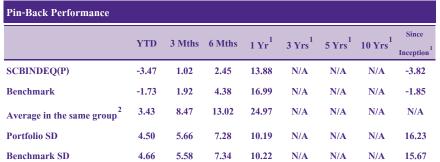
• The Fund is a feeder fund investing mainly in the investment units of UTI India Dynamic Equity Fund (the Master Fund) Class Institutional Accumulating USD Currency. The Master Fund aims to achieve medium to long-term growth of the portfolio of assets through investment primarily in growth oriented Indian stocks which are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange and the National Stock Exchange in India by investing more than 75% of its Net Asset Value in a diversified portfolio of equities and equity related securities.

The Fund may invest in investment units of mutual funds or property funds (Type 1) or REITs or infra funds under management of SCBAM not exceeding 20% of NAV.

- Management company's name of the master fund: UTI International (Singapore) Private Limited
- The Fund may consider investing in derivatives for purposes of enhancing the efficiency of portfolio management and/or hedging exchange rate risk which depends on fund manager's discretion.
- Fund's management strategy: The Fund has a passive management strategy aiming to achieve performance close to the Master Fund while the Master Fund has an active management strategy aiming to achieve performance higher than the benchmark.



Remark: In the year the Fund was registered, the performance will be shown from the date of registration of the Fund until the end of calendar year.



Remark: ¹% per year

Risk Spectrum



Invest on average over a year no less than 80% of NAV mainly in equity instruments.

Fund Facts Inception Date 20 October 2021 Share class launch date 21 December 2021 Dividend payment policy None Fund Maturity None Fund Manager Mr.Vijak Na Chiengmai 9 April 2023 MissNarintra Tinnaratsakulchai 2 November 2021

Benchmark

The Master Fund's performance 100% adjusted with the FX hedging cost to calculate return into Thai Baht on investment date (50%) and adjusted with the exchange rate to compare with Thai Baht on return calculation date (50%).

Notice

- Investment in mutual funds is not a money deposit.
- Past performance of the fund is not a guarantee for future performance.

Certified by the CAC (Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action)

Coalition Against Corruption: CAC



²Average in the same group according to the AIMC category of mutual funds

Subscription	Redemption
Subscription Date: Every trading day	Redemption Date: Every trading day
Office Hours: From business opening time - 14.30 hrs.	Office Hours: From business opening time - 14.30 hrs.
Minimum Initial Subscription: 1 Baht	Minimum Redemption: 1 Baht
Minimum Subsequent Subscription: 1 Baht	Minimum Balance: 1 Baht
	Period of Payment: T+6 (Settlement within 6 tradings day after redemption date)
	(The Management Company reserves the right to change the settlement period, which will not exceed 6 business days from the redemption date.)

Remark: Initially, the Management Company only provides services to provident fund and/or private funds under the management of the Management Company.

Fees Collected from the Fund (%p.a. of NAV) (included of VAT)		
Fees	Maximum not exceeding	Actual Charged
Management Fee	1.61	waived
Total Expense	2.14	0.12

Remark : Rebate Fee received from the foreign fund0.01% of $NAV\,$

OTHER ASSET

- The Management Company may consider changing the actual charged fees to reflect its strategy or administrative costs.

Fees Collected from Unit holders (% of Trading Value) (included of VAT)		
Fees	Maximum not exceeding	Actual Charged
Front-end fee	3.21	waived
Back-end fee	3.21	waived
Switch In fee	3.21	waived
Switch Out fee	3.21	waived
Transfer fee	Baht 10 per 1,000 units	Baht 10 per 1,000 units

Remark: - The Management Company may consider changing the actual charged fees to reflect its strategy or administrative costs.

 $- Brokerage\ Fees\ for\ trading\ securities\ upon\ purchasing/selling/switching\ investment\ units\ shall\ not$ exceed 0.75% of investment unit value (waived).

Asset Allocation		Top 5 Holdings	
Asset	% NAV	Securities	% NAV
UNIT TRUST	100.40	UTI INDIAN DYNAMIC EQUITY	100.40
CUSTODIAN BANK, TERM & SAVING DEPOSIT, CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	6.19	FUND - USD INST	
DERIVATIVE	-2.74		

-3.86

Statistical data	
Maximum Drawdown	-30.91%
Recovering Peroid	N/A
FX Hedging	89.63%
Portfolio Turnover	0.71
Sharpe ratio	-
Alpha	-4.39%
Beta	0.86
Tracking Error	-

Top 5 Holdings of Master Fund		
Securities	% NAV	
ICICI Bank Ltd	6.06	
HDFC Bank Ltd	5.46	
LTI Mindtree Ltd	5.16	
Bajaj Finance Ltd	4.98	
Infosys Ltd	3.96	

Country	% NAV	
INDIA	100.00	
Sector Allocation of Master Fund		
Sector	% NAV	

500001 111100001011 01 1110001 1 0110	
Sector	% NAV
Financial Services	22.30
Consumer Discretionary	19.10
Information Technology	14.60
Health Care	11.40
Materials	7.40
Other	19.90

Remark: Master fund data, as of 29 February 2024

Foreign Investment Allocation of Master Fund

Investment in any fund more than 20% of NAV

Fund Name: UTI India Dynamic Equity Fund ISIN code: IE00BYPC7R45

Bloomberg code: UTIIDEI ID

Definition

Maximum Drawdown refers to the highest percentage loss of the fund over the past 5 years (or since inception if the fund has been established for less than 5 years). It is calculated from the highest unit value to the lowest unit value during the period that the unit value is declining. The Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of the risk of loss from investing in the fund. **Recovering Period** is used to give investors an idea of how long it will take from the time of maximum loss of the fund to the recovery of initial investment.

FX Hedging refers to the percentage of investments denominated in foreign currency that are hedged against exchange rate risk.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) indicates the trading frequency of securities in the investment portfolio of the fund over a given period. It is calculated by taking the lower value between the total amount of new securities purchased and the total amount of securities sold over the past 1 year, divided by the average NAV of the same period. The fund with high PTR reflects frequent trading by the fund manager which leads to high trading costs. Investors should compare this data with the fund performance in order to evaluate the worthiness of such trading strategy.

Sharpe Ratio is the ratio between the excess return of the fund and the investment risk. It is calculated from the difference between the investment return of the fund and the risk-free rate of return divided of returns for the investment. The Sharpe Ratio reflects how much returns the fund will receive to offset the investment risk of the fund. The fund with a higher Sharpe Ratio means that ii is managed more efficiently because it generates higher excess returns given the same level of investment risk.

Alpha is the excess return of the fund relative to the return of its corresponding benchmark. A high alpha indicates that the fund generates higher return than its benchmark which is resulted from the efficiency of the fund manager in securities selection or determining the right timing for investment.

Beta is a measure of the returns of securities in the portfolio in relation to the market as a whole. A beta of less than 1 indicates that the returns of the fund's portfolio are less volatile than the overall market. On the other hand, a beta of greater than 1 indicates that the returns on the portfolio are more volatile than the market return.

Tracking Error The rate of return of the fund has the efficiency to replicate the corresponding benchmark. If the tracking error is low, it implies that the fund is able to generate similar returns to its benchmark efficiently. The fund with high tracking error will have an average rate of return that is more deviated from the benchmark.

Yield to Maturity (YTM) is the rate of return for investing in a debt instrument assuming that the investor holds the asset until its maturity date. It is calculated from the coupon payments to be earned by the investor over the remaining term of the instrument plus the face value due at maturity which are discounted to a present value. YTM is used to measure the rate of return of a fixed income fund which is based on the weighted average YTM of each debt instrument in the portfolio of the fund. As YTM is expressed as an annual percentage rate, it can be used for performance comparison among the fixed income funds with a 'buy and hold' investment strategy and similar investment characteristics.

SCB Asset Management Co.,Ltd.

Tel.: 0-2949-1500, 0-2777-7777 website: www.scbam.com

Address: 7-8th Floor. SCB Park Plaza 1, 18 Ratchadapisek Road,